1	Н. В. 2336	
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3	(By Delegate Caputo)	
4	[Introduced February 13, 2013; referred to the	
5	Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]	
6		FISCAL NOTE
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$21A\mathbb{-}6\mathbb{-}3$ of the Code of West Virginia,	
11	1931, as amended, relating to removing the receipt of an	
12	annuity, pension or other retirement pay as a disqualification	
13	for unemployment compensation benefits.	
14	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:	
15	That §21A-6-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,	
16	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:	
17	ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.	
18	<pre>§21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.</pre>	
19	Upon the determination of the facts by the commissioner, an	
20	individual is disqualified for benefits:	
21	(1) For the week in which he or she left his or her most	
22	recent work voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the	
23	part of the employer and until the individual returns to covered	

1 employment and has been employed in covered employment at least
2 thirty working days.

For the purpose of this subdivision, an individual has not 3 4 left his or her most recent work voluntarily without good cause 5 involving fault on the part of the employer, if the individual 6 leaves his or her most recent work with an employer and if he or 7 she in fact, within a fourteen-day calendar period, does return to 8 employment with the last preceding employer with whom he or she was 9 previously employed within the past year prior to his or her return 10 to workday, and which last preceding employer, after having 11 previously employed the individual for thirty working days or more, 12 laid off the individual because of lack of work, which layoff 13 occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter or could have 14 occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter had the 15 individual applied for benefits. It is the intent of this 16 paragraph to cause no disqualification for benefits for an 17 individual who complies with the foregoing set of requirements and 18 conditions. Further, for the purpose of this subdivision, an 19 individual has not left his or her most recent work voluntarily 20 without good cause involving fault on the part of the employer, if 21 the individual was compelled to leave his or her work for his or 22 her own health-related reasons and notifies the employer prior to 23 leaving the job or within two business days after leaving the job 24 or as soon as practicable and presents written certification from

1 a licensed physician within thirty days of leaving the job that his
2 or her work aggravated, worsened or will worsen the individual's
3 health problem.

4 (2) For the week in which he or she was discharged from his or 5 her most recent work for misconduct and the six weeks immediately 6 following that week; or for the week in which he or she was 7 discharged from his or her last thirty-day employing unit for 8 misconduct and the six weeks immediately following that week. The 9 disqualification carries a reduction in the maximum benefit amount 10 equal to six times the individual's weekly benefit. However, if 11 the claimant returns to work in covered employment for thirty days 12 during his or her benefit year, whether or not the days are 13 consecutive, the maximum benefit amount is increased by the amount 14 of the decrease imposed under the disqualification; except that:

If he or she were discharged from his or her most recent work for one of the following reasons, or if he or she were discharged from his or her last thirty days employing unit for one of the following reasons: Gross misconduct consisting of willful destruction of his or her employer's property; assault upon the person of his or her employer or any employee of his or her employer; if the assault is committed at the individual's place of employment or in the course of employment; reporting to work in an intoxicated condition or being intoxicated while at work; reporting to work under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined

1 in chapter sixty-a of this code without a valid prescription, or 2 being under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined 3 in said chapter without a valid prescription, while at work; 4 adulterating or otherwise manipulating a sample or specimen in 5 order to thwart a drug or alcohol test lawfully required of an 6 employee; refusal to submit to random testing for alcohol or 7 illegal controlled substances for employees in safety sensitive 8 positions as defined in section two, article one-d, chapter 9 twenty-one of this code; arson, theft, larceny, fraud or 10 embezzlement in connection with his or her work; or any other gross 11 misconduct, he or she is disqualified for benefits until he or she 12 has thereafter worked for at least thirty days in covered 13 employment. *Provided*, That For the purpose of this subdivision, 14 the words "any other gross misconduct" includes, but is not limited 15 to, any an act or acts of misconduct where the individual has 16 received prior written warning that termination of employment may 17 result from the act or acts.

(3) For the week in which he or she failed without good cause 19 to apply for available, suitable work, accept suitable work when 20 offered, or return to his or her customary self-employment when 21 directed to do so by the commissioner, and for the four weeks which 22 immediately follow for such additional period as any offer of 23 suitable work shall continue open for his or her acceptance. The 24 disqualification carries a reduction in the maximum benefit amount

1 equal to four times the individual's weekly benefit amount.

(4) For a week in which his or her total or partial 2 3 unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of 4 a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at 5 which he or she was last employed, unless the commissioner is 6 satisfied that he or she: (1) Was not participating, financing or 7 directly interested in the dispute; and (2) did not belong to a 8 grade or class of workers who were participating, financing or 9 directly interested in the labor dispute which resulted in the 10 stoppage of work. No disqualification under this subdivision is 11 imposed if the employees are required to accept wages, hours or 12 conditions of employment substantially less favorable than those 13 prevailing for similar work in the locality, or if employees are 14 denied the right of collective bargaining under generally 15 prevailing conditions, or if an employer shuts down his or her 16 plant or operation or dismisses his or her employees in order to 17 force wage reduction, changes in hours or working conditions. For 18 the purpose of this subdivision, if any a stoppage of work 19 continues longer than four weeks after the termination of the labor 20 dispute which caused stoppage of work, there is a rebuttable 21 presumption that part of the stoppage of work which exists after a 22 period of four weeks after the termination of the labor dispute did 23 not exist because of the labor dispute; and in that event the 24 burden is upon the employer or other interested party to show

1 otherwise.

2 (5) For a week with respect to which he or she is receiving or3 has received:

4 (a) Wages in lieu of notice;

5 (b) Compensation for temporary total disability under the 6 workers' compensation law of any state or under a similar law of 7 the United States; or

8 (c) Unemployment compensation benefits under the laws of the 9 United States or any other state.

10 (6) For the week in which an individual has voluntarily quit 11 employment to marry or to perform any marital, parental or family 12 duty, or to attend to his or her personal business or affairs and 13 until the individual returns to covered employment and has been 14 employed in covered employment at least thirty working days: 15 *Provided*, That an individual who has voluntarily quit employment to 16 accompany a spouse serving in active military service who has been 17 reassigned from one military assignment to another is not 18 disqualified for benefits pursuant to this subdivision: *Provided* 19 *however*, That the account of the employer of an individual who 20 leaves the employment to another may not be charged.

(7) Benefits may not be paid to any <u>an</u> individual on the basis any services, substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing

1 to so participate, for any week which commences during the period 2 between two successive sport seasons, or similar periods, if the 3 individual performed the services in the first of the seasons, or 4 similar periods, and there is a reasonable assurance that the 5 individual will perform the services in the later of the seasons or 6 similar periods.

7 (8) (a) Benefits may not be paid on the basis of services 8 performed by an alien unless the alien is an individual who was 9 lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services 10 were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing the 11 services or was permanently residing in the United States under 12 color of law at the time the services were performed, including an 13 alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of 14 the application of the provisions of Section 203(a)(7) or Section 15 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act: Provided, That 16 any modifications to the provisions of Section 3304(a)(14) of the 17 federal Unemployment Tax Act as provided by Public Law 94-566 which 18 specify other conditions or other effective date than stated in 19 this subdivision for the denial of benefits based on services 20 performed by aliens and which modifications are required to be 21 implemented under state law as a condition for full tax credit 22 against the tax imposed by the federal Unemployment Tax Act are 23 applicable under the provisions of this section.

24 (b) Any data or information required of individuals applying

1 for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them
2 because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all
3 applicants for benefits.

4 (c) In the case of an individual whose application for 5 benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that 6 benefits to the individual are not payable because of his or her 7 alien status may be made except upon a preponderance of the 8 evidence.

9 (9) For each week in which an individual is unemployed 10 because, having voluntarily left employment to attend a school, 11 college, university or other educational institution, he or she is 12 attending that school, college, university or other educational 13 institution, or is awaiting entrance thereto or is awaiting the 14 starting of a new term or session thereof, and until the individual 15 returns to covered employment.

16 (10) For each week in which he or she is unemployed because of 17 his or her request, or that of his or her duly authorized agent, 18 for a vacation period at a specified time that would leave the 19 employer no other alternative but to suspend operations.

20 (11) In the case of an individual who accepts an early 21 retirement incentive package, unless he or she: (i) (A) 22 Establishes a well-grounded fear of imminent layoff supported by 23 definitive objective facts involving fault on the part of the 24 employer; and (ii) (B) establishes that he or she would suffer a

1 substantial loss by not accepting the early retirement incentive
2 package.

3 (12) For each week with respect to which he or she is 4 receiving or has received benefits under Title II of the Social 5 Security Act or similar payments under any Act of Congress, or 6 remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement 7 pay from a base period employer or chargeable employer or from any 8 trust or fund contributed to by a base period employer or 9 chargeable employer or any combination of the above, the weekly 10 benefit amount payable to the individual for that week shall be 11 reduced (but not below zero) by the prorated weekly amount of those 12 benefits, payments or remuneration: Provided, That if the amount 13 of benefits is not a multiple of \$1, it shall be computed to the 14 next lowest multiple of \$1: Provided, however, That there is no 15 disqualification if in the individual's base period there are no 16 wages which were paid by the base period employer or chargeable 17 employer paying the remuneration, or by a fund into which the 18 employer has paid during the base period: Provided further, That 19 notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision to the 20 contrary, the weekly benefit amount payable to the individual for 21 that week may not be reduced by any retirement benefits he or she 22 is receiving or has received under Title II of the Social Security 23 Act or similar payments under any Act of Congress. A claimant may 24 be required to certify as to whether or not he or she is receiving

or has been receiving remuneration in the form of an annuity,
 pension or other retirement pay from a base period employer or
 chargeable employer or from a trust fund contributed to by a base
 period employer or chargeable employer.

5 (13) (12) For each week in which and for fifty-two weeks 6 thereafter, beginning with the date of the decision, if the 7 commissioner finds the individual who within twenty-four calendar 8 months immediately preceding the decision, has made a false 9 statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly 10 fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase any 11 benefit or payment under this article: *Provided*, That 12 disqualification under this subdivision does not preclude 13 prosecution under section seven, article ten of this chapter.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to remove the receipt of an annuity, pension or other retirement pay as a disqualification for unemployment compensation benefits.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.